# Unit 1: History, Approaches, and Research Methods *Study Guide* 58 questions – multiple choice

Workshopped Free Reponse Question (FRQ) (not graded for content)

A Day Classes: Monday, September 16; B Day Classes: Tuesday, September 17

- You will NOT be allowed to use your notes or vocabulary on the test (but you should obviously study them!).
- Unit 1 covers the Prologue and Chapter 1 (pp. 1-48)
- There are 66 vocabulary terms for Unit 1. Vocabulary can be found in the left column of the Ebook under "Terms and Concepts to Remember". For this unit, vocabulary will be found in Units 1 and 2. Vocabulary must be handwritten, with definitions and examples, and either in a composition notebook or on notecards. These will be collected before the test for a grade.

## What is psychology?

| Definition (remember: it is a SCIENCE)      |
|---|
| How is it different from other disciplines? |
| How is it different from psychiatry?        |

## **Key Names**

Wundt James

Titchner

Hall

Freud

# Approaches

Structuralism

Functionalism

Humanistic

Cognitive

Socio-cultural Behavioral Biological / Neuroscience Psychodynamic Evolutionary Biopsychosocial Model **Specialities** Clinical Psychologist vs. Psychiatrist Developmental Research Terminology Confirmation bias / Overconfidence / Hindsight Bias Hypothesis Replication Sample (Random & Representative) Population Operational Definition Independent Variable Dependent Variable Confounding Variable Experiments Experimental vs. Control Group (Random Assignment) Placebo/Placebo Effect

#### Double-Blind Procedure

Naturalistic Observation

Surveys and Wording Effects

Case Study

Correlational Research

## Correlation

Positive Correlation

Negative Correlation

Correlation DOES NOT EQUAL Causation

Strong Correlation = Strong PREDICTOR of future behavior

Illusory Correlation

Correlation Coefficients (-1.0 -- + 1.0)

## **Ethics**

Informed consent

Debriefing

Voluntary Participation

Anonymous/Confidential

Deception (When is it ok?)

Institutional Review Board

Animal Research (uses/abuses)

Milgram's research

Zimbardo's research